· INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF MALVERNE MALVERNE, NEW YORK

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MAY 31. 2020

SKINNON AND FABER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

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SKINNON AND FABER

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Incorporated Village of Malverne Malverne, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Incorporated Village of Malverne as of and for the year ended May 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Incorporated Village of Malverne, as of May 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, local government's proportionate share of the net pension liability, local government contributions, changes in the Village's total pension liability - ambulance and fire department, and changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

SKINNON AND FABER, CPAs, P.C.

Skinnon and Faber, CPAS, P.C.

Islandia, New York October 7, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The Board of Trustees of the Incorporated Village of Malverne (the Village), would like to offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Village as a whole and present a long-term view of the Village's finances. Fund financial statements report how Village activities were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Village's operations in more detail by providing information about the Village's most significant funds. The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information about the financial statements and the balances reported. The statements are followed by the required supplementary information, which supports the financial statements with comparisons of the Village's General Fund and Public Library Fund budgets to actual results for the year, as well as the local government's proportionate share of the net pension liability, local government contributions, changes in the Village's total pension liability – ambulance and fire department, and changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020, total General Fund expenditures were \$15,629,424. The current year expenditures were \$826,997 less than budgeted and represented a \$350,020 decrease from the prior fiscal year.
- General Fund Revenues of \$17,034,138 were \$116,261 less than the prior fiscal year.
- Fund Balance of the General Fund increased \$786,898 to a balance of \$6,619,943 as of May 31, 2020.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

Net Position

A condensed summary of the Village's Statement of Net Position for the current year is detailed below.

Condensed Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities

	May 31, 2020	May 31, 2019
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 11,652,347	\$ 11,526,451
Capital Assets (net)	11,884,471	11,277,127
Total Assets	23,536,818	22,803,578
Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,843,691	3,214,020
Liabilities		
Liabilities	1,435,566	472,468
Long-Term Liabilities	60,529,066	47,363,952
Total Liabilities	61,964,632	47,836,420
Deferred Inflows of Resources	808,226	786,702
Net Position		
Net investment in Capital Assets	5,985,084	6,034,495
Restricted	5,050,496	6,057,351
Unrestricted (deficit)	(37,427,929)	(34,697,370)
Total Net Position	\$ (26,392,349)	\$ (22,605,524)

Net investment in capital assets consists of the Village's investment in capital assets, such as infrastructure, buildings and improvements, construction work in progress and machinery and equipment, reduced by accumulated depreciation and associated debt. This figure also includes land, which is not depreciated. More detailed information can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Activities reports the result of the current year's operations and the effect on net position in the accompanying financial statements. A summary of changes in net position from operating results is shown below.

Change in Net Position from Operating Results – Governmental Activities

	For the Years Ended		
·	May 31, 2020	May 31, 2019	
Revenues	•		
Program Revenues:			
Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	\$ 1,595,801	\$ 1,791,334	
Capital Grants and Contributions	340,770	486,001	
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes and Tax Items	14,623,475	14,556,963	
Non Property Tax Items	353,111	356,835	
Use of Money and Property	77,855	85,044	
State and Federal Aid	258,829	249,995	
Other	183,316	142,349	
Total Revenues	17,433,157	17,668,521	
Expenses Governmental Activities:			
General Government Support	3,374,612	2,849,292	
Public Safety	11,154,552	10,013,303	
Health	48,698	49,202	
Transportation	2,254,057	2,079,297	
Economic Opportunity and Development	11,101	4,631	
Culture and Recreation	1,264,952	1,267,790	
Home and Community Services	2,820,980	2,455,630	
Interest on Debt	291,030	185,493	
Total Expenses	21,219,982	18,904,638	
Change in Net Position	(3,786,825)	(1,236,117)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(22,605,524)	(2,313,783)	
Beginning Balance Adjustment	-	(19,055,624)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	(22,605,524)	(21,369,407)	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (26,392,349)	\$ (22,605,524)	

ANALYSIS OF POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

The Village had an excess of expenses over revenues of \$3,786,825 due to recognition of expenses for long-term liabilities including net pension liability, other post-employment benefits and the length of service award program. This excess caused a decrease in net position. No significant individual economic factor affected these operating results.

The Village had a decrease in total revenue of \$235,364 as compared to the previous year.

ANALYSIS OF BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The General Fund balance increased by \$786,898 to a total of \$6,619,943. Of this amount, \$3,143 is comprised of inventory, which is considered nonspendable. Assigned appropriated fund balance for next year's budget totaled \$500,000. Assignments totaling \$641,729 have been made for specific items. Bond premiums of \$21,256 and Length of Service Award Program Plan Assets of \$1,648,627 were restricted. The remaining fund balance of \$3,805,188 is unassigned for Village operations. The Board of Trustees and management of the Village are interested in continuing to improve the financial condition of the Village through careful budgeting and conservative fiscal policies.

As of May 31, 2020, the Capital Projects Fund balance decreased by \$1,718,472, to an ending balance of \$3,416,847. A majority of the decrease related to the road resurfacing of \$1,643,461. During the year, Capital Fund expenditures totaling \$1,967,399 were made for various improvements and capital assets, including road resurfacing, equipment, and a vehicle. On the revenue side, the Village received state aid in the amount of \$248,927.

The Public Library Fund balance increased by \$48,988 to an ending balance of \$54,042, as of year-end.

BUDGETARY ANALYSIS

The following variances exist between the final budget for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020 and the actual results:

Revenues:

- Fines and Forfeitures: Actual revenue was \$149,710 less than the final budgeted amount. The decrease related to the fact that there was no court activity for April and May due to COVID-19.
- Minor Sales and Compensation for Loss: Actual revenue was \$98,573 more than the final budgeted amount. A majority of the increase related to workers' compensation recovery.

Expenditures:

- General Government Support: Actual expenditures were \$316,893 less than budgeted. A majority of this difference related to the contingency account ending the year under budget by \$185,986 and tax certiorari ending the year under budget by \$83,276.
- Public Safety: Actual expenditures were \$82,806 less than budgeted. Police expenditures were under budget by \$57,464 due to managing overtime.
- Transportation: Actual expenditures were \$93,256 less than budgeted. This relates to an excess in the snow removal budget. There were less snow storms than anticipated causing actual expenditures to be under budget by \$88,564.
- Home and Community Services: Actual expenditures for Home and Community Services were \$265,546 less than budgeted. The decrease related to a reduction of two employees. The Department head retired and an existing employee was promoted to the position.
- Employee Benefits: Actual expenditures for Employee Benefits were \$145,140 less than budgeted. Actual expenditures for health insurance were under budget by \$193,671.

These variations from budgeted amounts are not expected to affect future services or liquidity.

A detailed schedule showing the budgeted amounts compared to the Village's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

The Village's investment in capital assets as of May 31, 2020 totaled \$11,884,471 (net of accumulated depreciation). During the year, the Village acquired machinery and equipment, with a cost of \$197,906, infrastructure costs related to roadway improvements of \$1,816,430, and Construction Work in Progress with a cost of \$87,652. The Village also sold machinery and equipment with an original cost of \$79,800.

As of May 31, 2020, the Village had total bond indebtedness of \$9,280,000. Scheduled payments of \$615,000 were made.

INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

There were no significant changes in the assessed condition of eligible infrastructure assets.

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS AND CONDITIONS

The current economic conditions of the Village mirrored those of the rest of the region. The Village faces increasing costs and shrinking revenues from non property tax revenue. The administration has been diligent in containing expenses without sacrificing services to the residents.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Incorporated Village of Malverne Averil Smith, Village Clerk/Treasurer 99 Church Street Malverne, New York 11565

Statement of Net Position May 31, 2020

\$ 6,376,408
4,650,519
399,977
39,243
. 10,445
7,279
3,143
165,333
 11,884,471
 23,536,818
4,831,297
913,914
7,098,480
12,843,691
1,344,061
41,676
49,829
937,643
 59,591,423
 61,964,632
•
189,290
28,382
 590,554
 808,226
5,985,084
5,050,496
 (37,427,929)
\$ (26,392,349)

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF MALVERNE Statement of Activities

31,2020	
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31	
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Year	
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		PR	PROGRAM REVENUES	UES			٠
		Fees, Fines	Operating	Ca	Capital	Net	`
	•	and Charges	Grants and	Gran	Grants and	(Expense)	/ (
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contr	Contributions	Kevenue	اه
Governmental Activities:							,
General Government Support	\$ 3,374,612	\$ 312,887	; ₩	€9	152,160	\$ (2,909,565)	,565)
Public Safety	11,154,552	1,118,622	1		•	(10,035,930)	,930)
Health	48,698	,	ı		ı	(4	(48,698)
Transportation	2,254,057	9,743	•		80,623	(2,163,691)	,691)
Economic Opportunity and Development	11,101	t	ľ		ī		(11,101)
Culture and Recreation	1,264,952	145,570	•		11,220	(1,108,162)	,162)
Home and Community Services	2,820,980	8,979	1		792,96	(2,715,234)	,234)
Interest on Debt	291,030	1	1		1	(29]	(291,030)
Total Correspondent A effection	\$ 21.219.982	\$ 1 595 801	· ·	(340,770	(19.283,411)	(411)
Total Governmental Activities			}	•			
	GENERAL REVENUES:	ENUES:					
	Real Property Tax	Real Property Taxes and Related Tax Items	Items			14,623,475	,475
	Non Property Tax Items	Items				35.	353,111
	Use of Money and Property	Property				7	77,855
	State and Federal Aid	Aid				25	258,829
	Minor Sales and C	Minor Sales and Compensation for Loss	SSO			14	145,048
	Other Miscellaneous Revenues	us Revenues				33	38,268
		Total General Revenues	venues			15,496,586	5,586
		Change in Net Position	sition			(3,78	(3,786,825)
	Net Position - Beg	Position - Beginning of Year				(22,605,524)	5,524)
	Net Position - End of Year	of Year				\$ (26,392,349)	2,349)

See Notes to the Financial Statements

Balance Sheets

Governmental Funds

May 31, 2020

ASSETS	Ge	neral		Capital Projects		Public ibrary		Total
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,	389,721	\$	914,845	\$	71,842	\$	6,376,408
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		269,906		3,380,613		~		4,650,519
Investments - Restricted		399,977		tred		-		399,977
Accounts Receivable		39,243		-		-		39,243
Tax Sales Certificates (net)		10,445		-		-		10,445
Inventory		3,143	,			ı.		3,143
Due From Other Funds		22,195		8,500				30,695
Total Assets	\$ 7	134,630	\$	4,303,958	\$	71,842	\$	11,510,430
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	<u>OF</u>							
Liabilities:					÷			
Accounts Payable	\$	159,576	\$	872,195	\$	_	\$	1,031,771
Accrued Liabilities	*	294,490	•			17,800		312,290
Due to Other Funds		8,500		14,916		-		23,416
Due to Other Governments		41,676					_	41,676
Total Liabilities		504,242		887,111		17,800		1,409,153
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred Revenue		10,445		V		-		10,445
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		10,445		-		++		10,445
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable		3,143		_				3,143
Restricted	1	,669,883		3,380,613		-		5,050,496
Assigned, Appropriated		500,000				-		500,000
Assigned, Unappropriated		641,729		36,234		54,042		732,005
Unassigned	3	,805,188	_	-		NA		3,805,188
Total Fund Balance	6	,619,943		3,416,847		54,042		10,090,832
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 7	,134,630	\$	4,303,958	\$	71,842	\$	11,510,430

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheets to the Statement of Net Position As of May 31, 2020

As of Way 31, 2020	
Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 10,090,832
This amount differs from the amount of net position shown in the Statement of Net Position due to the following:	
Receivables for revenues earned, measurable but not available to provide financial resources, are included in the government-wide financial statements as assets and are added.	10,445
Capital assets are included as assets in the government-wide financial statements and are added, net of accumulated depreciation.	11,884,471
Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities and are added.	12,035,465
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds and are added.	165,333
Bond interest payable applicable to governmental activities is not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, is not reported in the governmental funds. However, these liabilities are included in the liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and are deducted.	(49,829)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported in the governmental funds. However, these liabilities are included as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and are deducted.	
Serial Bonds Compensated Absences Other Post-Employment Benefits Payable Length of Service Award Program Net Pension Liability	 (9,280,000) (1,976,434) (37,738,218) (4,054,592) (7,479,822)
Total Net Position	\$ (26,392,349)

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

	General	Capital Projects	Public Library	Total
Revenues:	h 1 1 5 5 1 0 6 0	ф	ø	o 14574260
Real Property Taxes	\$ 14,574,369	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,574,369
Real Property Tax Items	44,584	-	-	44,584
Non Property Tax Items	353,111	-	10.510	353,111
Departmental Income	335,391	-	13,512	348,903
Intergovernmental Charges	460,356	-	83,556	543,912
Use of Money and Property	77,766	•	89	77,855
Licenses and Permits	208,953	-		208,953
Fines and Forfeitures	484,290	-	₩	484,290
Minor Sales and Compensation for Loss	145,048	-	-	145,048
Other Miscellaneous Revenues	10,818	-	NA.	10,818
State and Federal Aid	339,452	248,927	11,220	599,599
Total Revenues	17,034,138	248,927	108,377	17,391,442
Expenditures:			•	
General Government Support	1,832,236	983	-	1,833,219
Public Safety	5,040,839	196,566	H4	5,237,405
Health	44,769	r ma	-	44,769
Transportation	1,121,247	1,756,750	**	2,877,997
Economic Assistance and Opportunity	10,731	-	-	10,731
Culture and Recreation	165,715	13,100	514,438	693,253
Home and Community Services	1,550,259	-	**	1,550,259
Employee Benefits	4,915,744	-	199,960	5,115,704
Debt Service	947,884		· -	947,884
Total Expenditures	15,629,424	1,967,399	714,398	18,311,221
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,404,714	(1,718,472)	(606,021)	(919,779)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Gain on Investments	27,450	***	-	27,450
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	9,743	-	₩.	9,743
Transfers In	-	_	655,009	655,009
Transfers Out	(655,009)	_	,	(655,009)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(617,816)	_	655,009	37,193
Net Change in Fund Balances	786,898	(1,718,472)	48,988	(882,586)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	5,833,045	5,135,319	5,054	10,973,418
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 6,619,943	\$ 3,416,847	\$ 54,042	\$ 10,090,832

Reconciliation of the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Change in Fund Balances Shown for Total Governmental Funds	\$ (882,586)
his amount differs from the change in net position shown in the Statement of ctivities because of the following:	
Capital outlays for acquisition of capital assets are recorded in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful	
lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital expenditures Depreciation expense	2,101,988 (1,494,644
Major revenues are recorded in the governmental funds when they become susceptible to accrual, that is when they are earned, measurable and available to provide current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, major revenues are recognized when they are earned and	4.540
measurable, regardless of when they become available.	4,549
The issuance of long-term liabilities provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net	
effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	615,000
Certain expenditures for insurance premiums, interest on debt and inventory type items are recorded in the governmental funds when the payments are due. In the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over the applicable time period that they pertain to. Insurance premiums are allocated over the policy period that they are prepaid for; interest on debt in the period	
the payments become due; and inventory type items over the period the	
commodities are consumed. This is the amount by which the current period expenditures exceed the costs allocated over the applicable periods.	40,83
Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities and are added.	9,608,14
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures	
in governmental funds.	(98,61
Compensated absences Other post-employment benefits (OPEB)	(7,676,69
Length of service award program obligations	(740,029
Net pension liability	(5,264,77
nange in Net Position of Governmental Activities Shown in the Statement of	
ctivities	\$ (3,786,82

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position May 31, 2020

· ·	 Agency
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 193,824
Total Assets	193,824
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Due To Other Governments	13,635
Due to General Fund	7,279
Agency Fund Liability	 172,910
Total Liabilities	\$ 193,824

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Incorporated Village of Malverne, which was established in 1921, is governed by its Charter, Village law and other general laws of the State of New York and various local laws and ordinances. The Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operations of the Village. It consists of the Mayor and four trustees. The Mayor serves as Chief Executive Officer and the Treasurer serves as Chief Fiscal Officer.

The following basic services are provided: police, fire protection, playground, public library, parks for recreation and entertainment, collection and disposal of garbage and refuse, snow removal, village planning, street maintenance and lighting, building inspection, court justice, administrative zoning and senior citizen activities.

All governmental activities and functions performed for the Incorporated Village of Malverne are its direct responsibility. No other governmental organizations have been included or excluded from the reporting entity.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Government's accounting policies are described below.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Fiduciary activities of the Village are not included in these statements.

The statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Village's assets and liabilities, including capital assets as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the Village are reported in three categories: 1) fees, fines, and charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All interfund balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between governmental

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

activities and agency activities.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

The accounts of the Village are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities. The various funds are exhibited by type in the financial statements. The following fund types are used:

Fund Categories

a. GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus of the governmental funds is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position. The following are the Village's governmental fund types.

General Fund - the principal operating fund; includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than Capital Projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following Special Revenue Funds are utilized:

<u>Public Library Fund</u> - to provide entertainment and information to the residents.

<u>Community Development Fund</u> - to administer and account for community development projects financed by funds from Federal Grants, which are received from Nassau County.

b. FIDUCIARY FUNDS - used to account for assets held by the local government in a trustee or custodial capacity.

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - used to account for money (and/or property) received and held in the capacity of trustee, custodian or agent. These include expendable trusts, nonexpendable trusts and agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

3. Equity Classifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net Investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Statements

Fund balance is classified and displayed in five components:

- a. Nonspendable Consists of assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale, and principal of endowments.
- b. Restricted Consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint. The Board is the decision-making authority that can, by resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.
- d. Assigned Consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.
- e. Unassigned Represents the residual classification for the government's general fund, and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS / BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is the determination of <u>what</u> is measured, i.e. expenditures or expenses. Basis of accounting refers to <u>when</u> revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough, thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues are considered available if collected within 60 days from year end. Material revenues that are accrued include real property taxes and state aid. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenue from federal and state grants are accrued when the expenditure is made and the resources are available. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred except that:

- Principal and interest on indebtedness are recognized as an expenditure at the time of payment.
- Expenditures for prepaid items and inventory-type items are generally recognized at the time of purchase.
- Compensated absences, such as vacation and sick leave, which vests or accumulates, are charged as an expenditure when paid.
- Pension costs are recognized as an expenditure when billed by the State.

D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Village considers all highly liquid instruments with a maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

E. PROPERTY TAXES

Real property taxes are levied annually in June and are subject to interest and penalties after June 30. A tax sale for unpaid taxes is held during the year at a time fixed by the Board of Trustees after which the unpaid taxes become a lien on the property.

F. BUDGETARY DATA

1. <u>Budget Policies</u> – The budget policies are as follows:

- a. On or before March 31, the Village Clerk-Treasurer or Budget Officer submits a tentative budget to the Board of Trustees for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing for all funds.
- b. On or before April 30, the governing board adopts the budget.
- c. All modifications of the budget must be approved by the Board of Trustees.

2. Budget Basis of Accounting:

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to municipalities, with the exception of activity related to the Length of Service Award Programs. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

G. INVENTORY

Inventory consists of fuel in storage tanks for use in Village vehicles and is valued at cost, using the first-in, first-out method.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, infrastructure, land improvements, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment are reported at original cost. Depreciation has been recorded using the straight-line method over 2-20 years for machinery and equipment, 20 years for land improvements, 40 years for buildings and improvements, and 50 years for infrastructure. Land is not depreciated. The Village has established a capitalization threshold for assets of \$2,000. General infrastructure assets acquired or constructed prior to June 1, 2004 are not reported in the financial statements.

I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Village employees are granted vacation and sick leave and earn compensatory absences in varying amounts. In the event of termination or upon retirement, an employee is entitled to payment for accumulated vacation and sick leave and unused compensatory absences at various rates subject to certain maximum limitations.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Estimated vacation, sick leave and compensatory absences accumulated by employees have been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Payment of vacation and sick leave recorded in the government-wide financial statements is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payments of vacation and sick leave and compensatory absences when such payment becomes due.

J. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the Village's full time employees may become eligible for these benefits.

Healthcare benefits and survivor benefits are provided through an insurance company whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The Village recognizes the cost of providing benefits by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds in the year paid. The liability for these other post-employment benefits payable is recorded as a long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The debt is estimated based on the most recent actuarial valuation in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 75.

K. INSURANCE

The Village assumes the liability for most risk including, but not limited to, property damage and personal injury liability. Judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The Village carries various insurance policies to mitigate any losses that might occur.

L. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until that time.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. ASSETS

1. Cash and Investments:

The Village's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and, time and demand deposits. The Village investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the Village has its own written investment policy. Village monies must be deposited in specified FDIC-insured commercial banks located in New York State. The Village Treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include: obligations of the U.S. Treasury, obligations of New York State (or its localities if approved by the State Comptroller), and repurchase agreements. All deposits and investments are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

Third-party collateral is required for all deposits and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are the same as the permissible investments mentioned above.

Deposits and investments at year end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Village's third-party custodial bank. They consisted of:

Deposits: All deposits are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

Bank balances for the Village's deposits with financial institutions as of May 31, 2020 totaled \$10,083,762 and are covered by federal deposit insurance or third-party collateral as follows:

Amount FDIC - Insured	\$ 571,541
Amount Collateralized	9,699,631
Total Amounts	\$ 10,271,172

2. Property Taxes:

The tax sale certificates held by the Village as of May 31, 2020 were \$10,445, and are offset by deferred revenue of \$10,445.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

3. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers:

Temporary advances between funds and unpaid interfund charges will be reimbursed subsequent to year end. The interfund receivable and payable balances at May 31, 2020 are as follows:

स्व ³⁶ दर	Amount Receivable		amount Payable
General Fund	\$ 22,195	\$	8,500
Trust and Agency	-		7,279
Capital Projects Fund	8,500		14,916
Totals	\$ 30,695	\$	30,695

During the year, the budgeted transfer of \$655,009 from the General Fund to the Public Library Fund was made to support the operations of the Library. The following is a summary of interfund transfers:

	Transfers In		Ι	ransfers Out
General Fund	\$	_	\$	655,009
Public Library Fund		655,009		-
Totals	\$	655,009	\$	655,009

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

4. Changes in Capital Assets:

A summary	of chang	es in ca	mital asset	s follows:
() OMITITION A	OI OIMMINE	OU III OU	DILLA HUUVV	D LOXIO IIDI

, c	•	Balance						Balance
	M	(ay 31, 2019		Additions	Re	eductions	M	lay 31, 2020
Capital Assets That Are Not Depreciated:								
Land	\$	162,033	\$	-	\$	-	\$	162,033
Construction Work in Progress				87,652		<u>-</u>		87,652
Total Nondepreciable Cost	<u> </u>	162,033		87,652		-		249,685
Capital Assets That Are Decpreciated:								
Land Improvements		1,650,421		-		**		1,650,421
Buildings and Improvements		7,960,691		-		H		7,960,691
Machinery and Equipment		12,166,592		197,906		(79,800)		12,284,698
Infrastructure		24,394,369		1,816,430		-		26,210,799
Total Depreciable Cost		46,172,073		2,014,336		(79,800)		48,106,609
Less:								
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Land Improvements		(1,296,028)		(69,825)		-		(1,365,853)
Buildings and Improvements		(3,860,247)		(270,964)		-		(4,131,211)
Machinery and Equipment		(10,094,664)		(615,993)		79,800		(10,630,857)
Infrastructure		(19,806,040)		(537,862)		-		(20,343,902)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(35,056,979)		(1,494,644)		79,800		(36,471,823)
Net Capital Assets That Are Depreciated		11,115,094	-	519,692		**		11,634,786
Grand Total	\$	11,277,127	\$	607,344	\$		\$	11,884,471

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities

General Government Support	\$ 227,502
Public Safety	799,520
Health	3,929
Transportation	166,023
Economic Assistance	370
Culture and Recreation	101,228
Home and Community Services	 196,072
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,494,644

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

B. LIABILITIES

1. Pension Plan

Description of Plan:

The Village of Malverne participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS), which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System (the System). The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the System.

The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November 2018, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2019.

The external advisory committees appointed by the Comptroller meet periodically throughout the year and provide independent, expert assistance in guiding the Fund. These committees include: the Advisory Council for the Retirement System; the Investment Advisory Committee; the Real Estate Advisory Committee; the Actuarial Advisory Committee; and the Audit Advisory Committee.

System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Generally, members of the System are employees of the State and its municipalities, other than New York City.

ERS and PFRS are cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. The Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP) provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. In these statements, GLIP amounts are apportioned to and included in ERS and PFRS.

Membership Tiers

Pension legislation enacted in 1973, 1976, 1983, 2009 and 2012 established distinct classes of membership. For convenience, the System uses a tier concept to distinguish these groups, generally:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

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Tier 1	Those persons who last became members before July 1, 1973.
Tier 2	Those persons who last became members on or after July 1, 1973, but before July 27, 1976.
Tier 3	Generally, those persons who are State correction officers who last became members on or after July 27, 1976, but before January 1, 2010, and all others who last became members on or after July 27, 1976, but before September 1, 1983.
Tier 4	Generally, except for correction officers, those persons who last became members on or after September 1, 1983, but before January 1, 2010.
Tier 5	Those persons who last became members on or after January 1, 2010, but before April 1, 2012.
Tier 6	Those persons who first became members on or after April 1, 2012.
PFRS	
Tier 1	Those persons who last became members before July 31, 1973.
Tier 2	Those persons who last became members on or after July 31, 1973, but before July 1, 2009.
Tier 3	Those persons who last became members on or after July 1, 2009, but before January 9, 2010.
Tier 4	N/A
Tier 5	Those persons who last became members on or after January 9, 2010, but before April 1, 2012, or who were previously PFRS Tier 3 members who elected to become Tier 5.
Tier 6	Those persons who first became members on or after April 1, 2012.

Vesting

Members who joined the System prior to January 1, 2010 need five years of service to be 100% vested. Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 (ERS) or January 9, 2010 (PFRS) require ten years of service credit to be 100% vested.

Benefits

Tiers 1 & 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67% of final average salary for each year of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2% of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year's compensation used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 20% greater than the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20% greater than the average of the previous two years.

Tier 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have ten years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4, and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67% of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2% of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5% of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with ten or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 3, 4, and 5 members, each year's compensation used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 10% greater than the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have ten years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67% of final average salary for each year of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75% of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2% of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with ten or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 6 members, each year's compensation used in the final average salary is limited to no more than 10% greater than the average of the previous four years.

Special Plans

The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction officers.

Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS and PFRS members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offsets of other benefits depend on a member's tier, years of service, and plan.

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all retirees who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all retirees who have attained age 55 and have been retired for ten years; (iii) all disability retirees, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years; and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible retiree as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

percentage shall be 50% of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1% or exceed 3%.

Employer Contributions

Participating employers are required under the RSSL to contribute to the System at an actuarially determined rate adopted annually by the Comptroller. The average contribution rate for ERS for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 was approximately 14.6% of covered payroll. The average contribution rate for PFRS for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 was approximately 23.5% of covered payroll. Delinquent annual bills for employer contributions accrue interest at the actuarial interest rate applicable during the year. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, the applicable interest rate was 7.0%.

Member Contributions

Generally, Tier 3, 4, and 5 members must contribute 3% of their salary to the System. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tier 3 and 4 employees, with a membership date on or after July 27, 1976, who have ten or more years of membership or credited service with the System, are not required to contribute. Members cannot be required to begin making contributions or to make increased contributions beyond what was required when membership began. For Tier 6 members, the contribution rate varies from 3% to 6% depending on salary. Generally, Tier 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

2019-2020	\$ 1,366,708
2018-2019	1,269,990
2017-2018	1,357,860

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At May 31, 2020, the Incorporated Village of Malverne reported a liability of \$7,479,822 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Incorporated Village of Malverne's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Incorporated Village of Malverne's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At May 31, 2020, the Incorporated Village of Malverne's proportion was 0.0101368 percent for ERS and 0.0897212 percent for PFRS. This was a decrease of .0003 for ERS and .0019

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

for PFRS from its proportion measured at March 31, 2019.

For the year ended May 31, 2020, the Incorporated Village of Malverne recognized pension expense of \$2,740,349. At May 31, 2020, the Incorporated Village of Malverne reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	·I	Deferred	Γ	eferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	R	esources	Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	477,313	\$	80,325
Changes of Assumptions		463,952		46,670
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments		3,535,676		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		354,356		62,295
	\$	4,831,297	\$	189,290
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer		354,356	\$	

There were no amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Incorporated Village of Malverne contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31:

2021	936,636
2022	1,129,489
2023 .	1,383,209
2024	1,130,986
2025	61,687
	\$ 4,642,007

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2020 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2019, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation for both ERS and PFRS used the following actuarial assumptions:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

	ERS	PFRS
Inflation	2.5%	2.5%
Salary Increases	4.2%	5.0%
Investment Rate of Return (net of investment	•	
expense including inflation)	6.8%	6:8%
Cost of Living Adjustments	1.3%	1.3%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018. The previous actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018 used the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The previous actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018 used a long-term expected rate of return of 7.0%.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	36 %	4.05 %
International equity	14	6.15
Private equity	10	6.75
Real estate	10	4.95
Absolute return strategies (*)	2	3.25
Opportunistic portfolio	3	4.65
Real assets	3	5.95
Bonds and mortgages	17	0.75
Cash	1	0.00
Inflation-indexed bonds	4	0.50
	100 %	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

(*) Excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Incorporated Village of Malverne's current net pension liability of the employees calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.8%, as well as what the Incorporated Village of Malverne's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.8%) or one percentage-point higher (7.8%) than the current assumption:

		1% Decrease (5.8%)		Current Assumption (6.8%)		1% Increase (7.8%)	
ERS Net Pension Liability (asset) PFRS Net Pension Liability (asset)	\$	4,926,414 · 8,574,523	\$	2,684,282 4,795,540	\$	619,268 1,411,375	

Net Position Liability of Participating Employees

The components of the net pension liability of the employers in the System as of March 31, 2020, were as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

	Employees' Retirement System	Police and Fire Retirement System	Total		
	System (
Employers' total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 194,596,261 (168,115,682)	\$ 35,309,017 (29,964,080)	\$ 229,905,278 (198,079,762)		
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 26,480,579	\$ 5,344,937	\$ 31,825,516		
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension liability	86.39%	84.86%	86.16%		

2. Long-Term Debt:

- a. Outstanding bond indebtedness aggregated \$9,280,000.
- b. Serial Bonds The Incorporated Village of Malverne, like most municipalities, borrows money in order to construct improvements, acquire land or purchase buildings and equipment. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amounts authorized by the Village to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for the liquidation of long-term liabilities.
- c. Other Long-Term Debt In addition to the above long-term debt, the local government had the following non-current liabilities:
 - Compensated Absences Represents the value of earned and unused portion of the liability for compensated absences.
 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Represents post-employment medical insurance benefits to eligible retired participants.
 - Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) Represents the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the Length of Service Award Program.
 - Net Pension Liability Represents the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributable to those employees' past periods of service.
- d. Summary Long-Term Debt The following is a summary of long-term liabilities outstanding at May 31, 2020 by fund type:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

	<u>G</u>	Public General Fund Library Fund				Total			
Serial Bonds	_\$_	9,280,000	\$	•	\$	9,280,000			
Total Bonds		9,280,000		-		9,280,000			
Compensated Absences		1,868,200		108,234		1,976,434			
OPEB		36,027,304		1,710,914		37,738,218			
LOSAP		4,054,592		-		4,054,592			
Net Pension Liability		7,479,822		-		7,479,822			
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	58,709,918	\$	1,819,148	\$	60,529,066			

e. The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the period May 31, 2020:

b	eginning of		Additions Reductions		Payable at end of fiscal year		Due in One Year		
\$	9,895,000	\$	-	\$	(615,000)	\$	9,280,000	\$	740,000
	1,877,823	•	144,574		(45,963)		1,976,434		197,643
	30,061,522		9,329,002		(1,652,306)		37,738,218		-
	3,314,563		785,819		(45,790)		4,054,592		-
	2,215,044		5,264,778		#		7,479,822		₩
\$	47,363,952	\$	15,524,173	\$	(2,359,059)	\$	60,529,066	\$	937,643
	\$	1,877,823 30,061,522 3,314,563 2,215,044	beginning of fiscal year \$ 9,895,000 \$ 1,877,823 30,061,522 3,314,563 2,215,044	beginning of fiscal year Additions \$ 9,895,000 \$ - 1,877,823 144,574 30,061,522 9,329,002 3,314,563 785,819 2,215,044 5,264,778	beginning of fiscal year Additions R \$ 9,895,000 \$ - \$ 1,877,823 144,574 30,061,522 9,329,002 3,314,563 785,819 2,215,044 5,264,778	beginning of fiscal year Additions Reductions \$ 9,895,000 \$ - \$ (615,000) 1,877,823 144,574 (45,963) 30,061,522 9,329,002 (1,652,306) 3,314,563 785,819 (45,790) 2,215,044 5,264,778 -	beginning of fiscal year Additions Reductions of 9,895,000 \$ - \$ (615,000) \$ 1,877,823 144,574 (45,963) 30,061,522 9,329,002 (1,652,306) 3,314,563 785,819 (45,790) 2,215,044 5,264,778 -	beginning of fiscal year Additions Reductions Payable at end of fiscal year \$ 9,895,000 \$ - \$ (615,000) \$ 9,280,000 1,877,823 144,574 (45,963) 1,976,434 30,061,522 9,329,002 (1,652,306) 37,738,218 3,314,563 785,819 (45,790) 4,054,592 2,215,044 5,264,778 - 7,479,822	beginning of fiscal year Additions Reductions Payable at end of fiscal year Dual of fiscal year \$ 9,895,000 \$ - \$ (615,000) \$ 9,280,000 \$ \$ 1,877,823 144,574 (45,963) 1,976,434 30,061,522 9,329,002 (1,652,306) 37,738,218 3,314,563 785,819 (45,790) 4,054,592 2,215,044 5,264,778 - 7,479,822

f. Long-Term Debt Maturity Schedule – The following is a statement of serial bonds with corresponding maturity schedules as of May 31, 2020:

Description	Orignal Date	Original		Date Final		
by Fund	Issued	Amount	Rate %	Maturity	C	utstanding
General Fund	4/25/2012	2,400,000	2.00%	10/15/2027	\$	1,190,000
General Fund	6/14/2016	3,580,000	2.25%	6/1/2032		2,490,000
General Fund	9/12/2018	5,600,000	3.00%	9/21/2038		5,600,000
		, ,		Total	\$	9,280,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

g. The following table summarizes the Incorporated Village of Malverne's future debt service requirements as of May 31, 2020:

Serial Bonds

Ending Date	 Principal	Interest		incipal Interest		 Total
May 31:						
2021	\$ 740,000	\$	237,351	\$ 977,351		
2022	755,000		219,451	974,451		
. 2023	765,000		201,201	966,201		
2024	695,000		183,311	878,311		
2025	695,000		165,814	860,814		
2026-2030	2,955,000		581,201	3,536,201		
2031-2035	2,105,000		217,164	2,322,164		
2036-2039	570,000		37,777	607,777		
Total	\$ 9,280,000	\$	1,843,270	\$ 11,123,270		

C. DEFINED BENEFIT VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTER AND AMBULANCE SERVICE AWARD PROGRAMS

The information contained in this note is based on information for the Length of Service Awards Program (LOSAP) for the plan year ending on May 31, 2020, which is the most recent plan year for which complete information is available.

Effective July 1995, the Village established a service award program for active volunteer firefighters of the Malverne Fire Department. Such program consists of a defined benefit contribution plan as a service award. Effective January 2005, the Village established a similar service award program for volunteer ambulance workers.

1. Program Description:

Participation, Vesting and Service Credit

Active volunteer firefighters who have reached the age of eighteen and who have completed one year of firefighting service are eligible to participate in the program. Participants acquire a nonforfeitable right to a service award after being credited with five years of firefighting service or upon attaining the program's entitlement age. The program's entitlement age is age sixty-five. In general, an active volunteer firefighter is credited with a year of firefighting service for each calendar year after the establishment of the program in which he or she accumulates fifty points. Points are granted for the performance of certain activities in accordance with a system established by the sponsor on the basis of a statutory list of activities and point values. A participant may also receive credit for five years of firefighting service rendered prior to the establishment of the program.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Active volunteer ambulance workers who have reached the age of eighteen and who have completed one year of ambulance service are eligible to participate in the program. Participants are 100% vested after earning 5 years of Service Credit. The program's entitlement age is age sixty-five after earning 5 years of Service Credit under the Point System. A participant will earn one year of Service Credit for each calendar year with 50 or more points under the Point System. Maximum Service Credit is 30 years (including any Prior Service Credit). There is a maximum of 5 years of credit for service prior to the effective date of the Program.

Benefits

A firefighter's benefit under the program is a life annuity with 10 years certain equal to \$20 per month multiplied by the person's total number of years of firefighting service. The number of years of firefighting service used to compute the benefit cannot exceed thirty. In the case of disability or death, benefits are upon verification of service.

An ambulance worker's benefit under the program is a life annuity with optional forms of payment for a 5 or 10 year certainty. The accrual rate is \$15 multiplied by the person's total number of years of ambulance service. The number of years of ambulance service used to compute the benefit cannot exceed forty. Benefits are payable when a participant reaches entitlement age. In the event of disability or death, lump sum payments are available.

Volunteer Ambulance Worker Service Award Program

Participants:

At the December 31, 2019 measurement date, the following participants were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive participants currently receiving benefit payments	5
Inactive participants entitled to, but not yet receiving benefit payments	8
Active participants	15
Total	28

Contributions:

New York State General Municipal Law Section 219-0 (1) requires the Village Board to contribute an actuarially determined contribution on an annual basis. The actuarially determined contribution shall be appropriated annually by the Village Board.

Trust Assets:

Although assets have been accumulated in an irrevocable trust, such that the assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with benefit terms, the trust assets are not legally protected from creditors of the Village. As such, the trust assets do not

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73.

Measurement of Total Pension Liability:

The total pension liability at the December 31, 2019 measurement date was determined using an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal

Inflation:

2.25%

Salary Scale:

None assumed

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table (60/40) male/female blend) projected for mortality improvement to the year 2020 with scale MP2017.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.26%. This was the yield to maturity of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019. In describing this index, S&P Dow Jones Indices notes that the index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years and with a rating of at least Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service's, AA by Fitch, or AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Services.

Changes in the Total Pension Liability

Balance as of 12/31/18 measurement date	\$ 450,271
Service Cost	12,310
Interest	16,591
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	27,682
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,598
Benefit Payments	 (13,567)
Net Changes	44,614
Balance as of 12/31/19 measurement date	\$ 494,885

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the total pension liability of the Village as of the December 31, 2019 measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 3.26 percent, as well as what the Village's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.26 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.26 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.26%)		Current Assumption (3.26%)		1% Increase (4.26%)	
Total Pension Liability	\$ 580,498	\$	494,885	\$	426,781	

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u>

For the year ended May 31, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$34,439.

Components of Pension Expense Service Cost Interest on total pension liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience Pension plan administractive expenses	\$ 12,310 16,591 2,191 325 3,022
Pension plan administractive expenses Total pension expense	\$ 34,439

At May 31, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	ed Outflows Lesources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	3,099 51,650	\$	- 28,382	
Benefit payments & administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	6,253 61,002	\$	28,382	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

\$6,253 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Village transactions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total pension liability in the year ended May 31, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended May 31:

2021	2,516
2022	2,516
2023	2,516
2024	2,516
2025	2,516
Thereafter	 13,787_
Total	\$ 26,367

Volunteer Fire Department Service Award Program

Measurement of Total Pension Liability:

The total pension liability at the May 31, 2020 measurement date was determined using an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the May 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal

Inflation:

2.00%

Salary Scale:

None assumed

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Combined - Projected to 2019.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.48%. This was the yield to maturity of the Fidelity 20-Year GO AA Bond Index.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Changes in the Total Pension Liability

Balance as of 5/31/19 measurement date	\$ 2,864,293
Service cost	68,706
Interest	89,007
Change in benefit terms	ue.
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	545,614
Differences between expected and actual experience	24,310
Benefit payments	(32,223)
Net changes	695,414
Balance as of 5/31/20 measurement date	\$ 3,559,707

Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.48 percent, as well as what the Village's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.48 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.48 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%	
	Decrease (1.48%)		Assumption (2.48%)		Increase (3.48%)		
Total Pension Liability	\$	4,363,000	\$	3,559,707	\$	2,922,000	

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u>

For the year ended May 31, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$234,190.

Components of Pension Expense	
Service Cost	\$ 88,034
Interest on total pension liability	87,996
Change in benefit terms	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	46,976
Differences between expected and actual experience	 11,184
Total pension expense	\$ 234,190

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

At May 31, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	158,476	\$	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		694,436		₩
Benefit payments and administrative expenses				
subsequent to the measurement date		<u>.</u>		**
Total	\$	852,912	\$	-

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended May 31:

\$ 58,160
58,160
58,160
58,160
58,160
 562,112
\$ 852,912
\$

D. FUND BALANCE

The government's fund balance classification policies and procedures are as follows:

- 1. For committed fund balances:
 - a. The government's highest level of decision-making authority resides with the Board of Trustees.
 - b. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish (and modify or rescind) a fund balance commitment is through formal resolution by the Board of Trustees.
- 2. For assigned fund balances:
 - a. The body or official authorized to assign amounts to specific purpose is the Board of Trustees.
 - b. The policy established by the governing body pursuant to which the authorization to assign amounts to a specific purpose is given to the Board of Trustees.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (that is restricted, assigned or unassigned) the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by either budget vote or board approved budget revision and then from the assigned fund balance to the extent that there is an assignment and then from the unassigned fund balance.

The Village has made the following fund balance designations:

		General Fund	Pro	Capital ojects Fund		Public ary Fund
Non-Spendable Fund Balance:					•	
Inventory	\$	3,143_	\$	_	\$	· ·
Total Non-Spendable Fund Balance	\$	3,143	\$	₩	\$	***
Restricted Fund Balance:						•
Bond Premium	\$	21,256	\$	-	\$	-
Unspent Bond Proceeds		-		3,380,613		144
Length of Service Award Program		1,648,627		<u> </u>	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	1,669,883	\$	3,380,613	\$	-
Assigned, Unappropriated Fund Balance:						
Terminal Leave - Police Department	\$	420,000	\$	-	\$	-
Transportation		10,000		-		-
Motorized Equipment		123,718	•	w		-
Repairs to Village Buildings		88,011				-
Operation of Library		-		-		54,042
Future Projects		-		36,234		-
Total Assigned, Unappropriated Fund Balance	-\$	641,729	\$	36,234	\$	54,042
Land Datanoo	<u>Ψ</u>	012,720				

E. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description. The Village operates a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan, which is being funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. Per its contract with employees, the Village will pay various percentages of the premium costs for medical insurance coverage (currently provided through the New York State Health Insurance Plan) at retirement. These percentages are based upon employee classification and hire date. The Village has three classifications for its employees. They are as follows:

Police Benevolent Fund: The Village contributes 100% of the medical premiums for retirees who were hired before July 18, 2014. Retirees hired on or after July 18, 2014 must have at least 5 years of service and be at least age 55 and the Village pays 90% of the medical premiums.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Department of Public Works: The Village contributes 100% of the medical premium for retirees who were hired before June 1, 1992. Retirees hired on or after June 1, 1992 must have at least 5 years of service and be at least age 55 and the Village pays 35% of the medical premiums.

Village: The Village contributes 100% of the medical premiums for retirees who were hired before October 1, 2015. Retirees hired on or after October 1, 2015 must have at least 5 years of service and be at least age 55 and the Village pays 90% of the medical premiums.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Village are established by village contracts. For fiscal year 2020, the Village contributed \$936,102 to the plan (contribution made was assumed to equal Expected Benefit Payments).

Benefits Provided. As of June 1, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	62
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	-
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	57
Total	119

Total OPEB Liability. The Village's total OPEB liability of \$37,738,218 was measured using the entry age actuarial cost method as of June 1, 2018. For the year ended May 31, 2020, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$3,434,714.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Interest Rate	2.16%
2018 Healthcare Trends Rate (Pre-65/Post-65)	7.50%
2019 Healthcare Trends Rate (Pre-65/Post-65)	7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the MP2017 Mortality Table - Unisex.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at May 31, 2019	\$_	30,061,522
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions and other inputs Benefit payments		924,278 1,071,314 (716,204) 7,333,410 (936,102)
Net changes		7,676,696
Balance at May 31, 2020	\$	37,738,218

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.16%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 44,958,500	\$ 37,738,218	\$ 32,088,447

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease (6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	Increase (8.0%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 30,974,266	\$ 37,738,218	\$ 46,676,432

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

•	De	ferred	L	eterred
•	Outf	lows of	In	flows of
	Res	ources	R	esources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	•	\$	590,554
Changes of Assumptions	7,	,098,480		•
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments				-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		-		-
•	\$ 7	,098,480	\$	590,554

Year Ended May 31:

2021	\$.	1,439,122
2022		1,439,122
2023		1,439,122
2024		1,377,919
2025		812,641
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	6,507,926

F. CONCENTRATION OF RISK

The Village maintains all cash and cash equivalents in two depositories. FDIC insurance covers all government accounts up to \$250,000 (per official custodian) for demand accounts and time and savings accounts. All deposits in excess of the FDIC limit are fully collateralized.

G. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

State Grants

The Village is a recipient of a number of State grants. These grants are administered by various agencies. These grants are subject to various compliance and financial audits by the respective agencies administering the grants, which could lead to certain disallowances and a request for a return of funds. The Board believes that they have substantially complied with the rules and regulations as specified under the various grant agreements as well as rules and regulations of the respective agency for each grant.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

Tax Certiorari

There are presently pending against the Village a number of real property tax review proceedings requesting reductions in assessed valuations of various properties for both past and current years. The financial exposures in these cases are indeterminable at this time.

<u>Other</u>

The Village is subject to litigation in the ordinary conduct of its affairs. Management does not believe, however, that such litigation, individually or in the aggregate, is likely to have a material effect on the financial statements.

There are no contingencies that the Village is aware of that would have a material impact on the financial statements.

H. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through October 7, 2020, the date that the financial statements are considered available to be issued. On March 13, 2020, President Trump declared a national emergency due to extraordinary circumstances resulting from the coronavirus (COVID-19). The Village is in the process of evaluating the impact that COVID-19 may have on its financial condition for the year ended May 31, 2021.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended May 31, 2020
(Unaudited)

		Original Budget		Final Budget			Diffe	et to GAAP rences Over Under)	Amo	Actual ounts GAAP Basis
Revenues:			Φ.	14.500.000	ф	14 574 260	dr.		\$	14,574,369
Real Property Taxes	\$	14,569,860	\$	14,569,860	\$	14,574,369	\$	-	Φ	44,584
Real Property Tax Items		44,000		44,000		44,584		-		353,111
Non Property Tax Items		336,000		336,000		353,111		-		335,391
Departmental Income		314,750		314,750		335,391		-		460,356
Intergovernmental Charges		462,148		462,148		460,356		40.650		
Use of Money and Property		15,410		15,410		35,109		42,657		77,766
Licenses and Permits		198,450		198,450		208,953		-		208,953
Fines and Forfeitures		634,000		634,000		484,290		-		484,290
Minor Sales and Compensation for Loss		41,000		46,475		145,048		-		145,048
Other Miscellaneous Revenues		12,900		12,900		10,818		-		10,818
State Aid		270,505		307,369		339,452		-		339,452
Appropriated Cash Surplus		383,944		383,944						-
Total Revenues		17,282,967		17,325,306		16,991,481		42,657		17,034,138
Expenditures:										
General Government Support		2,152,316		2,149,129		1,832,236				1,832,236
Public Safety		5,104,657		5,104,457		5,021,651		19,188		5,040,839
Health		45,900		45,900		44,769		-		44,769
Transportation		1,127,139		1,214,503		1,121,247		-		1,121,247
Economic Opportunity and Development		19,950		19,950		10,731				10,731
Culture and Recreation		201,300		201,300		165,715		_		165,715
Home and Community Services		1,815,805		1,815,805		1,550,259		-		1,550,259
		5,215,007		5,253,609		5,108,469		(192,725)		4,915,744
Employee Benefits				947,884		947,884		-		947,884
Debt Service		947,884		747,004		7,77,007			-	
Total Expenditures		16,629,958		16,752,537		15,802,961		(173,537)		15,629,424
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								-14404		1 104 514
Over (Under) Expenditures		653,009		572,769		1,188,520		216,194		1,404,714
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Gain on Investments		-		-		•		27,450		27,450
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		2,000		2,000		9,743		-		9,743
Transfers Out		(655,009)		(655,009)		(655,009)		-		(655,009)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(653,009)		(653,009)		(645,266)		27,450		(617,816)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	(80,240)		543,254		243,644		786,898
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_					4,428,062	-	1,404,983		5,833,045
Fund Balance at End of Year					\$	4,971,316	\$	1,648,627	\$	6,619,943

Explanation of differences:

LOSAP activity is not included in the budget. When presenting GAAP basis financial statements items such as interest, dividends, gains, losses, contributions and payouts are reflected in the revenue and expenditures. This is the net effect of the LOSAP activity.

243,644

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Public Library Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

		riginal Sudget	 Final Budget		Actual
Revenues: Departmental Income	\$	14,130	\$ 14,130	\$	13,512
Intergovernmental Charges		82,270	82,270		83,556
Use of Money and Property		90	90		. 89
State Aid		2,400	 2,400	-	11,220
Total Revenues		98,890	 98,890	,	108,377
Expenditures:					
Culture and Recreation		543,504	543,504		514,438
Employee Benefits		210,395	 210,395		199,960
Total Expenditures	<u>Lunior</u>	753,899	 753,899		714,398
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	******	(655,009)	 (655,009)		(606,021)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In		655,009	655,009		655,009
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		655,009	 655,009		655,009
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$ *		48,988
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					5,054
Fund Balance at End of Year				\$	54,042

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF MALVERNE Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended May 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

Schedule of the Local Government's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	NYSLRS 1 For the 2020	NYSLRS Pension Plan For the 2020 Fiscal Year **			
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Village's proportion of the net pension ERS liability (asset)	0.0101368% 0.0897212%	0.0104798% 0.0878035%	.0107627%	0.0105970% 0.0925739%	0.0112880% 0.0895952%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,479,822	\$ 2,215,044	\$ 1,281,521	\$ 2,914,453	\$ 4,464,484
Village's covered payroll	\$ 6,836,135	\$ 6,940,658	\$ 6,515,725	\$ 6,515,725	\$ 6,515,725
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	109.42%	31.91%	19.67%	44.73%	68.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.16%	%60.96	98.04%	94.50%	%01.06

The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the March 31, 2020 measurement date. *

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF MALVERNE Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended May 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

Schedule of Local Government Contributions

·	NYSLRS For the 20	NYSLRS Pension Plan For the 2020 Fiscal Year			
Contractually required contribution	2020 \$ 1,366,708	\$ 1,269,990	2018 \$ 1,357,860	2017 \$ 1,297,787	2016 \$ 1,256,512
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,366,708	1,269,990	1,357,860	1,297,787	1,256,512
Contribution deficiency (excess)	₩		· ·	· 69	٠
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,836,135	\$ 6,940,658	\$ 6,515,725	\$ 6,515,725	\$ 6,515,725
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	19.99%	18.30%	20.84%	19.92%	19.28%

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF MALVERNE Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

(Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total Pension Liability - Ambulance

Measurement date as of December 31,		2019		2018		2017
Total Pension Liability					4	•
Service cost	↔	12,310	₩	13,894	89	18,414
Interest		16,591		15,038		15,641
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		27,682		(34,832)		35,443
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,598		959		1,485
		(13,567)		(12,952)	:	(11,362)
Net chance in total nension liability		44,614	:	(18,196)		59,621
Total pension liability - beginning		450,271		468,467		408,846
Total pension liability - ending	€5	494,885	S	450,271	8	468,467
		Ā/N		A/Z		N/A
Covered-employee payron Total pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A

liability was based on the yield to maturity of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Changes of assumptions or other inputs: The discount rate used to measure the total pension Index and was as follows:

December 31, 2018: 3.64% December 31, 2019: 3.26%

The mortality projection scale was changed to the MP2017 measurement date. The prior scale, for the Deecember 31, 2016 measurement date, was the MP2016 scale. Trust assets: There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73 to pay related benefits.

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF MALVERNE Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended May 31, 2020

(Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total Pension Liability - Fire Department

Measurement date as of May 31		2020		. 2019	•	2018
Total Pansion Liahilify						
Comice cost	€⁄3	902.89	∽	42,608	↔	46,615
Interest		89,007		79,240		75,418
Change in benefit terms		. 1		361,523		ı
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		545,615		257,126		(51,437)
Differences between expected and actual experience		24,310		112,717		44,961
		(32,223)		(220,581)		(28,698)
Net change in total nension liability		695,415		632,633		86,859
Total nension lishility - heginning	•	2,864,292	7	2,231,659	7	2,144,800
Total pension liability - ending	8	\$ 3,559,707	\$ 2	2,864,292	\$ 2	\$ 2,231,659
Covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes:

liability was based on the yield to maturity of the Fidelity 20-Year GO AA Bond Index was as follows: Changes of assumptions or other inputs: The discount rate used to measure the total pension

May 31, 2020: 2.48%

May 31, 2019: 3.12%

The prior scale, for May 31, 2018 measurement date, was the RP2000 Combined - Projected to 2018. The mortality projection scale was changed to the RP2014 Combined Table - Unisex.

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended May 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	 2020	2019	
Service cost Interest	\$ 924,278 1,071,314	\$	819,116 1,076,527
Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience	- (716,204)		-
Changes in assumptions	7,333,410 (936,102)		1,608,051 (872,266)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 7,676,696		2,631,428
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 30,061,522 37,738,218	\$	27,430,094 30,061,522
•			
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of the total OPEB liability	0%		0%

The information in this schedule is intended to show 10 years. However, as of May 31, 2020 only two years were available.

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